Parashat Vayigash, 5784, 2023:

True Kingship

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ה' יעזור וירחם על אחינו, כל בני ישראל בארץ ישראל ובכל חלקי הארץ

Our Sages, in *Tosefta Berachot* 4:17-18, ask a fundamental question: "Why did Yehudah merit kingship?" After all, each of the brothers was great in his own way; why, then, was Yehudah and his tribe permanently given the mantel of leadership? One answer offered by the Tosefta is, "Because of his humility (*anavah*)." This is demonstrated in *Sefer Bereishit* 44:18, 32-33, wherein Yehudah calls himself a "servant" no less than four times, and even offers to become Yosef's slave—all in an effort to save Benyamin from servitude:

Then Yehudah approached him [Yosef] and said, "Please, my lord, let now your servant speak something into my lord's ears, and let not your wrath be kindled against your servant, for you are like Pharaoh. For your servant assumed responsibility for the boy, from my father, saying, 'If I do not bring him to you, I will have sinned against my father forever.' So now, please let your servant stay instead of the boy as a slave to my lord, and may the boy go up with his brothers." (This, and all Tanach translations, *The Judaica Press Complete Tanach*)

Midrash Bamidbar Rabbah 13:3 focuses upon Yehudah's anavah, and declares this to be the rationale for his tribe's subsequent position of glory and honor:

Rabbi Berechyah the Kohan, the son of Rabi, said in the name of Rabbi Levi: "The Holy One Blessed be He said: 'Yehudah, since you have lowered yourself before your younger brother [in order to rescue him from slavery], when the *Mishkan* (portable Sanctuary in the desert) will be erected and all of the tribes will come to offer [sacrifices], there will be no tribe that will offer before you. Rather, they will all demonstrate respect before you and you will have [the honor] of being the first to bring [the sacrifices].' Therefore, the Torah states: 'And the one [of the tribal princes] who brought sacrifices on the first day... from the tribe of Yehudah...'" (Translation and brackets my own)

We live in an age wherein arrogance (ga'avah) is the rule, and humility is the exception. In truth, the single greatest barrier to authentic anavah is ga'avah, since it blinds us to the consequences of our actions and beguiles us into believing we are superior to others. As such, the Ramban (1194-1270), in his famous *Iggeret HaRamban*, warns us against this negative *middah*: "And now, my son, understand and observe that whoever feels that he is greater than others is rebelling against the Kingship of Hashem, because he is adorning himself with His garments, as it is written, 'Hashem reigns, He wears clothes of pride.'" (*Sefer Tehillim* 93:1). Next, the Ramban notes that whether it is wealth, honor, or wisdom—everything is a gift from the Almighty:

Why should one feel proud? Is it because of wealth? Hashem makes one poor or rich (*Sefer Shmuel* I:2:7). Is it because of honor? It belongs to Hashem, as we read, "Wealth and honor come from You." (*Divrei Hayamim* I:29:12) So how could one adorn himself with Hashem's honor? And one who is proud of his wisdom surely knows that Hashem "takes away the speech of assured men and reasoning from the sages." (*Sefer Iyov* 12:20) So we see that everyone is the same before Hashem, since with His anger He lowers the proud and when He wishes He raises the low. (Translation, http://www.pirchei.co.il/specials/ramban/ramban.htm)

Herein the Ramban is teaching us that greatness comes from God, and God alone. How, then, can we avoid the pitfalls of *ga'avah*, and, like Yehudah, live lives infused with *anavah*? Fortunately, the Ramban addresses this question:

In all your actions, words, and thoughts, always regard yourself as standing before Hashem, with His *Schechinah* [Divine Presence] above you, for His glory fills the whole world. Speak with fear and awe, as a slave standing before his master. Act with restraint in front of everyone. When someone calls you, don't answer loudly, but gently and softly, as one who stands before his master.

In short, when we truly feel ourselves to be in God's presence, we naturally act with humility before Him—and with restraint and dignity toward others. In my estimation, Yehudah had a powerful sense of the Almighty's presence in his life, and very often felt the gentle "touch" of the *Schechinah* upon his shoulder. Accordingly, *anavah* came naturally to him. Little wonder, then, that his descendant and future king of Israel, *Dovid*

HaMelech would one day proclaim to the world: "Sheviti Hashem l'negdi tamid!" ("I have placed Hashem before me constantly...," Sefer Tehillim 16:8)

With Hashem's help, may we try to emulate Yehudah and recognize the Almighty's unceasing presence in our lives, so that we, too, may reject *ga'avah*, embrace *anavah*, and act with abiding respect toward each other. *V'chane yihi ratzon*.

Shabbat Shalom

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*** I have posted 164 of Rabbi Soloveitchik's English language audio *shiurim* (MP3 format) spanning the years 1958-1984. Please click on the highlighted link: <u>The Rav</u>