Parashat Korach 5779, 2019:

Understanding the Miracle of the Matot

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Dedicated to the sacred memories of my mother, Miriam Tovah bat Aharon Hakohen, father-in-law, Levi ben Yitzhak, sister-in-law, Ruchama Rivka Sondra bat Yechiel, sister, Shulamit bat Menachem, Chana bat Shmuel, Yehonatan Binyamin ben Mordechai Meir Halevi, Shoshana Elka bat Avraham, Tikvah bat Rivka Perel, Peretz ben Chaim, the *Kedoshim* of Har Nof and Pittsburgh, and the *refuah shlaimah* of Yakir Ephraim ben Rachel Devorah, Mordechai HaLevi ben Miriam Tovah, and the safety of our brothers and sisters in Israel and around the world.

Our *parasha* contains a rich array of stimulating narratives that challenge our understanding and cry out to us, "*Darshani*!" ("Interpret me!") One of these is known as the "Test of the *Matot* (Staffs):"

The L-rd spoke to Moses saying: "Speak to the children of Israel and take from them a staff for each father's house from all the chieftains according to their fathers' houses; [a total of] twelve staffs, and inscribe each man's name on his staff. Inscribe Aaron's name on the staff of Levi, for there is [only] one staff for the head of their fathers' house. You shall place the staffs in the Tent of Meeting before the [Ark of] the Testimony where I commune with you. The staff of the man whom I will choose will blossom, and I will calm down [turn away] from Myself the complaints of the children of Israel which they are complaining against you." (Sefer Bamidbar 17:16-20, this and all Bible translations, The Judaica Press Complete Tanach)

A direct reading of our passage indicates that the Almighty commanded Moshe to undertake these actions so that, "I [Hashem] will calm down [turn away] from Myself the complaints of the children of Israel which they are complaining against you [Moshe]." *Midrash Tanchuma* suggests that this process was crucial, since the people were strongly opposed to the *Kehunah* (*Kohanim*) being under Aharon's control (*b'yad Aharon*). (Parashat Acharei Mot VIII, translation my own) While this interpretation is certainly helpful, it does not explain the underlying reason our ancestors' passionate resistance to Aharon's stewardship of the *Kehunah*.

We are fortunate that Rav Meir Simcha of Dvinsk *zatzal* (1843-1926) addresses this issue in his classic work, *Meshech Chachmah*, and, in so doing, enables us to understand the "story behind the story." In his view, the people's negative attitude toward Aharon being granted the *Kehunah* was fomented by none other than Korach and his band of rebels:

For the error of Korach and his followers was that they thought the *Kehunah* was not a matter of *segulah* (unique choice by Hashem) and [genealogical endowment] to Aharon's descendants. [Instead, they thought it was] solely a matter of the [present *Kohanim*'s] ability to effectively carry out the actions that they were called upon to perform (*kishron pe'ulah*) — which had put them in good stead in conjunction with their elevated status. If so, over time when the *Kohanim* would eventually sin, or the majority of the people would [potentially] achieve higher levels of *kedushah* (holiness) than the *Kohanim*, then [they thought the *Kehunah* could be wrested from Aharon's future offspring] and others more deserving of this honor would join the *Kehunah*... (Parashat Korach 17:17, this and all translations and brackets my own)

Rav Meir Simcha's position is clear: The error of Korach and his followers regarding the status of the *Kohanim* and the *Kehunah* was predicated upon a radical misconception, namely, that the *Kehunah* was a meritocracy, rather than a *segulah* and <u>eternal</u> covenant between Hashem and Aharon's biological heirs. This notion is explicitly stated in reference to Pinchas, wherein we find: "Therefore, say, 'I [Hashem] hereby give him [Pinchas] My covenant of peace. It shall be for him and for his descendants after him [as] <u>an eternal</u> covenant of *Kehunah* (*brit kehunat olam*)..." (*Sefer Bamidbar* 25:13)

Rav Meir Simcha continues his presentation by alluding to the following *pasukim* (verses) in our *parasha* that describe the manifest miracle that took place concerning Aharon's staff:

Moses spoke to the children of Israel, and all their chieftains gave him a staff for each chieftain according to their fathers' houses, [a total of] twelve staffs, and Aaron's staff was amidst their staffs. Moses placed the staffs before the L-rd in the Tent of the Testimony. And on the following day Moses came to the Tent of Testimony, and behold, <u>Aaron's staff for the house of Levi had blossomed!</u> It gave forth blossoms, sprouted buds, and produced ripe almonds. (17:21-23)

Rav Meir Simcha suggests that this kind of *nes* (miracle) which utilized common everyday objects, yet took them above the laws of nature, was necessary in order to provide incontrovertible proof that Aharon was uniquely both:

genealogically and [through] Hashem's Divine choice (*tevi v'seguli'i*) [the progenitor of the *Kohanim*] — just like we find in reference to the election of the Jewish people [as the Chosen People]. [Moreover, we must ever remember] that the Holy One blessed be He took an oath that He would never replace us [with any other nation], which is the case, as well, regarding Aharon [and his future descendants], for their covenant, too, is everlasting in nature (literally a "covenant of salt," *brit melach*).

Rav Meir Simcha concludes that just as Hashem chose the Jewish people as His *segulah* nation, so, too, did He choose Aharon and his descendants to be the *Kohanim*. As such, Korach's idea to replace Aharon and the other *Kohanim* violated Hashem's will, and His holy Torah.

While the *Kehunah* specifically rests with Aharon and his descendants, our Sages have taught us that it is laudatory for all the nations of the world to emulate the *Kohanim* and *Levi'im*, and in so doing, they will be rewarded by the Almighty. The Rambam (1135-1204) was one of the greatest scholars to give voice to this idea:

Not only the tribe of Levi, but any one of the inhabitants of the world whose spirit generously motivates him and understands with his wisdom [how] to set himself aside and stand before G-d to serve Him and minister to Him and to know G-d, proceeding justly as G-d made him ... is as sanctified as the holy of holies. G-d will be His portion and heritage forever and will provide what is sufficient for him in this world, just like He provides for the *Kohanim* and the *Levi'im*. (*Mishneh Torah*, *Hilchot Shemitah v'Yovel* 13:13, translation, Rabbi Eliyahu Touger)

May we be counted among those who, as the Rambam describes, develop such closeness to Hashem that we become a kingdom of *Kohanim*, dedicating ourselves to sanctifying His holy Name throughout the entire world. Then, with the Almighty's help and our fervent

desire, may we participate in the realization of Zechariah's grand vision: "And the L-rd shall become King over all the earth; on that day shall the L-rd be one, and His Name one." (Sefer Zechariah 14:9) May this time come soon and in our days, v'chane yihi ratzon.

Shabbat Shalom

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*** I have posted 164 of <u>Rabbi Soloveitchik's English language audio</u> shiurim (MP3 format) spanning the years 1958-1984. Please click on the highlighted link.